## Degree or equivalent

Updated 25 October 2023

## Degree requirements

To become a solicitor, you need a degree in any subject, or an equivalent qualifications or experience. What counts as a degree:

- A UK degree awarded at level 6 [https://www.gov.uk/what-different-qualification-levels-mean/list-of-qualification-levels] (or above) by a recognised degree-awarding body [https://www.gov.uk/guidance/recognised-uk-degrees]. This is usually an undergraduate degree but can also be diplomas or other qualifications.
- An equivalent UK qualification. These are:
  - An accredited qualification at level 6 (or above) of the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications, awarded by recognised degree-awarding body
  - A regulated qualification [https://www.gov.uk/find-a-regulated-qualification] at level 6
    (or above) of the Regulated Qualifications Framework (England, Wales and
    Northern Ireland). This includes CILEx level 6 qualifications
  - An apprenticeship at level 6 or above, approved by the government departments of England, Wales or Northern Ireland
  - A qualification or apprenticeship at level 9 or above of the Scottish Credit
    and Qualifications Framework, accredited by the Scottish Qualifications
    Authority (SQA) [http://www.sqa.org.uk/sqa/files\_ccc/Guide\_to\_Scottish\_Qualifications.pdf]
    or awarded by a Scottish degree awarding body
- An overseas qualification:
  - · Shown to be equivalent to either a UK degree/equivalent qualification or
  - An accredited qualification at level 6 (or above) of the European Qualifications Framework
  - We will check that you hold a degree or equivalent level 6 qualification when you apply for admission
- Work experience equivalent to a UK degree/equivalent qualification (each
  equivalent application will be considered on a case by case basis). This
  would be a sufficient standard of general education and learning (level 3
  equivalent of the Regulated Qualifications Framework) and considerable
  work-based learning.